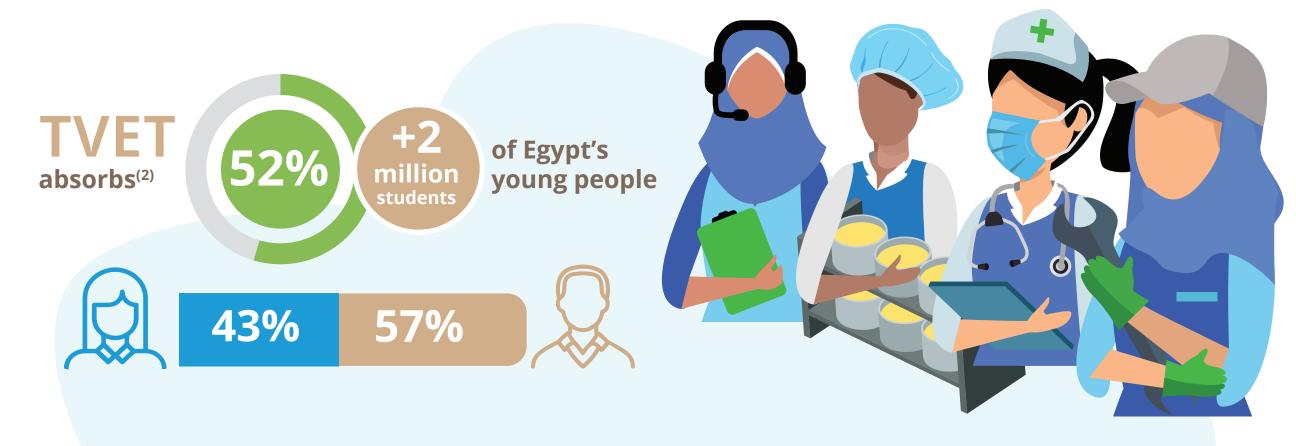
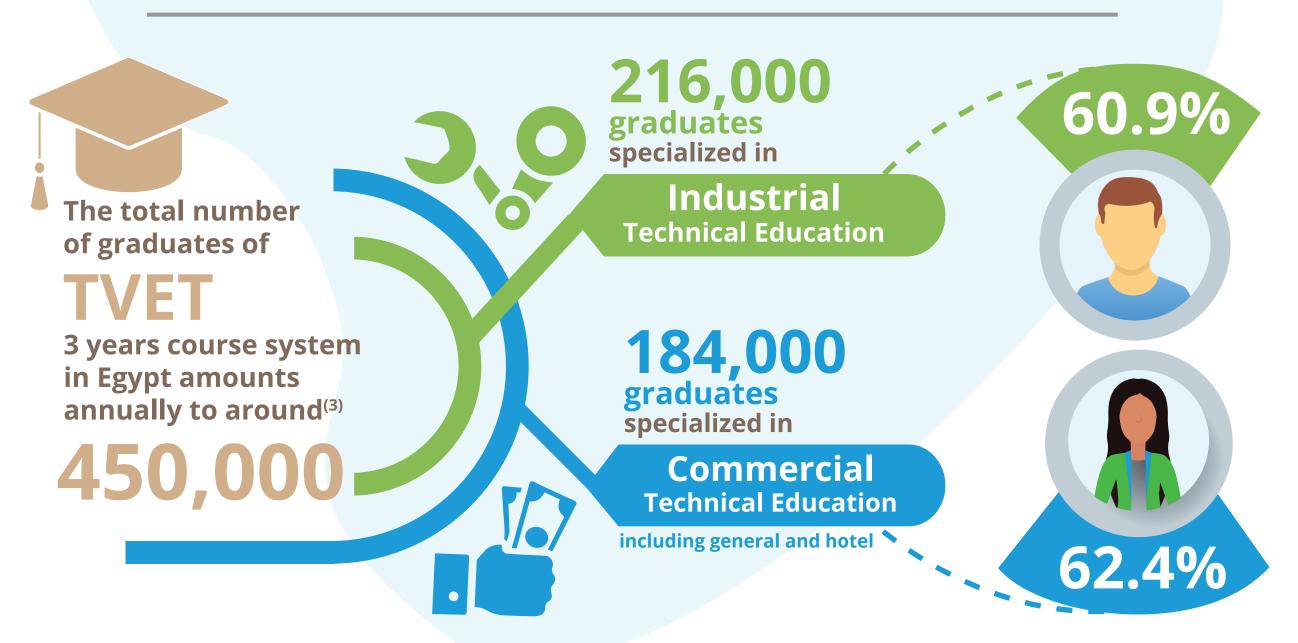
TVET Statistics





¹ A study based on surveying 124 companies in 5 governorates in Egypt, commissioned by UN Women in partnership with IECD and conducted by HLB Makary Consulting, 2021

² Source: Ahmed El Ashamwi & Mohamed Megahed. 2020. Combatting COVID-19 Consequences: Egypt's response to TVET sector

³Source: CAPMAS. 2017. Statistical YearBook. Education



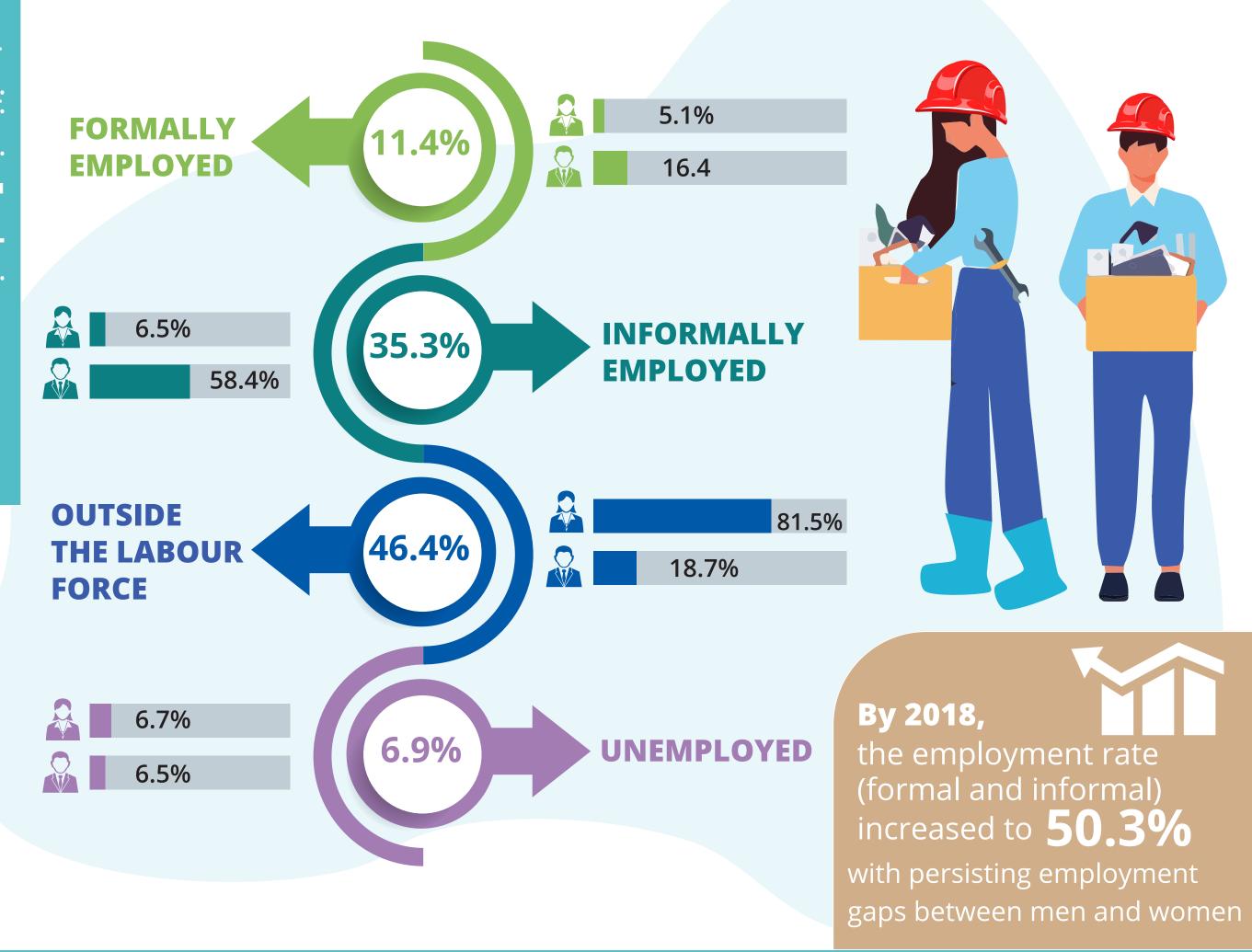








Statistics on labour force participation for employment of TVET Graduates in 2014 (ages 17-35)



Source: Population Council. 2018. Employment outcomes for TVET in Egypt



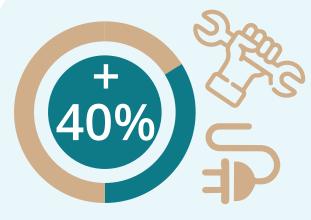




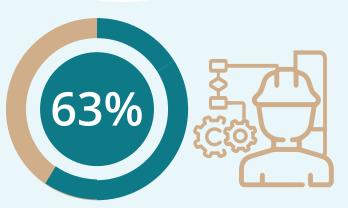




Distribution of technical occupations by sector



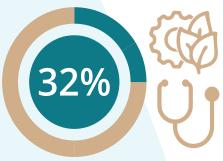
of the electrical and mechanic technicians are working in the automotive sector



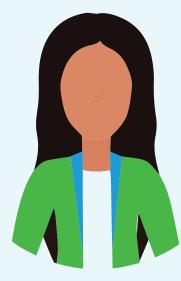
manufacturing of food and beverages sector, as well as pharmaceuticals



of machine operators are working in the of IT technicians (software or hardware) are working in the Information and communication, as well as manufacturing of food and beverages sector



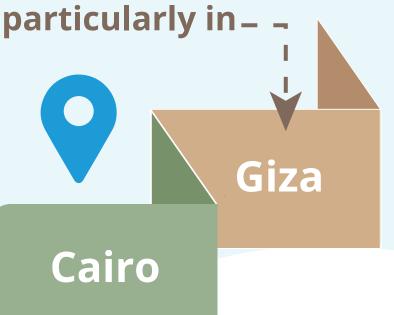
of occupational health and safety and energy and environmental technicians are working in the **Food and Beverage Sector**



The percentage of women technicians

in 124 surveyed companies is 9.3% (660 out of 7,058 total technicians)

Women technicians are more likely to work in large companies,



where participation rates are 60-70%

higher than

Beni Suef

Beheira

Source: Percentages are based on surveying 124 companies and recruiting agencies in 5 governorates in Egypt



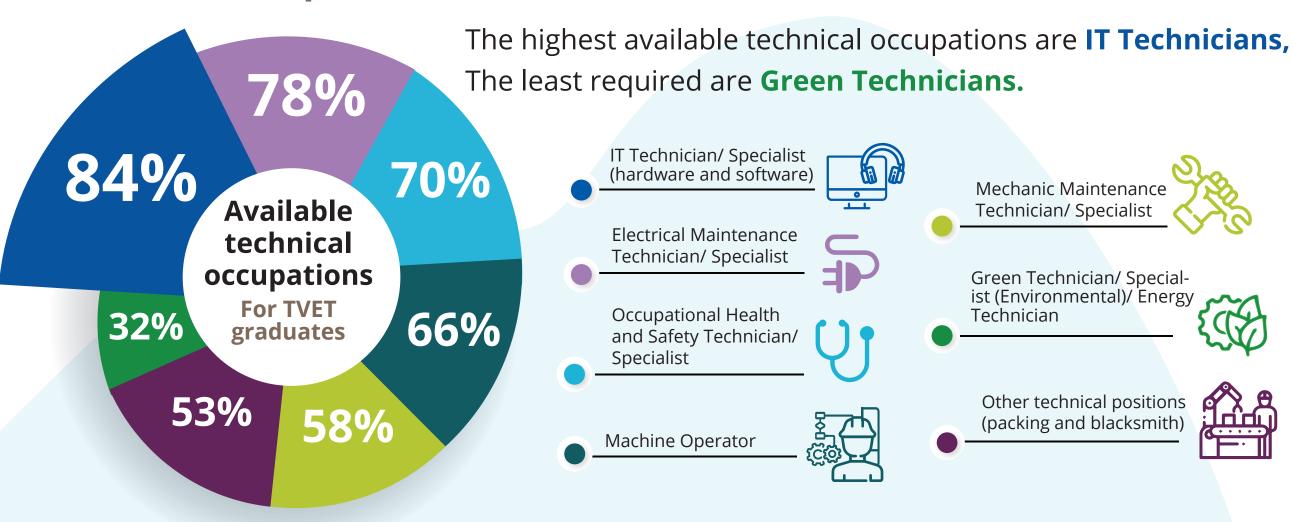


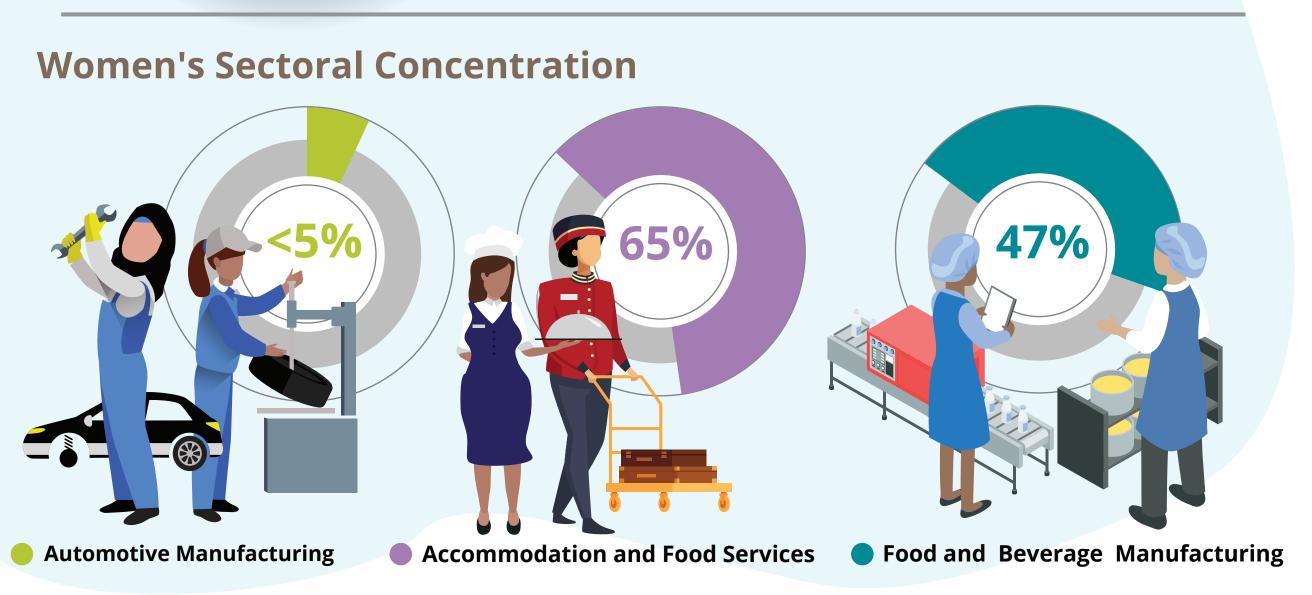






Technical Occupations for TVET Graduates





Source: Percentages are based on surveying 124 companies and recruiting agencies in 5 governorates in Egypt





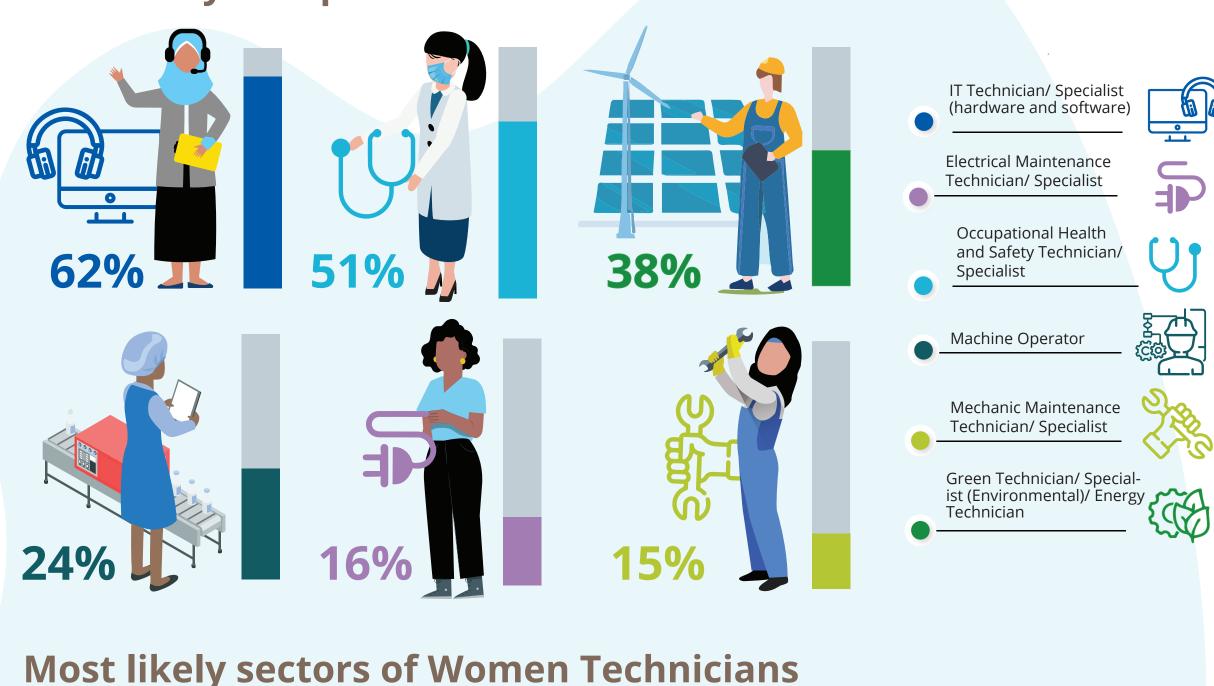






Recruitment of Women Technicians

Most likely occupations of Women Technicians



Most likely sectors of Women Technicians



Source: Percentages are based on surveying 124 companies and recruiting agencies in 5 governorates in Egypt











Employers' Perceptions on why there are not more women technicians



working hours, remote locations,

lack of transportation, night

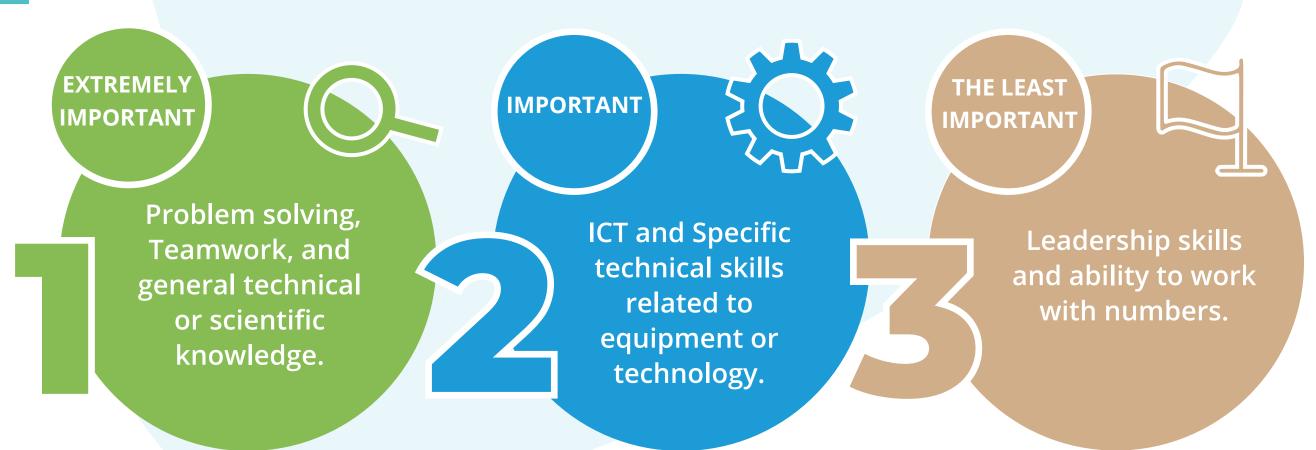
shifts, heavy duty

Lack of required technical and soft skills





Skills required for technical vocations



Source: Information is based on surveying 124 companies and recruiting agencies in 5 governorates in Egypt





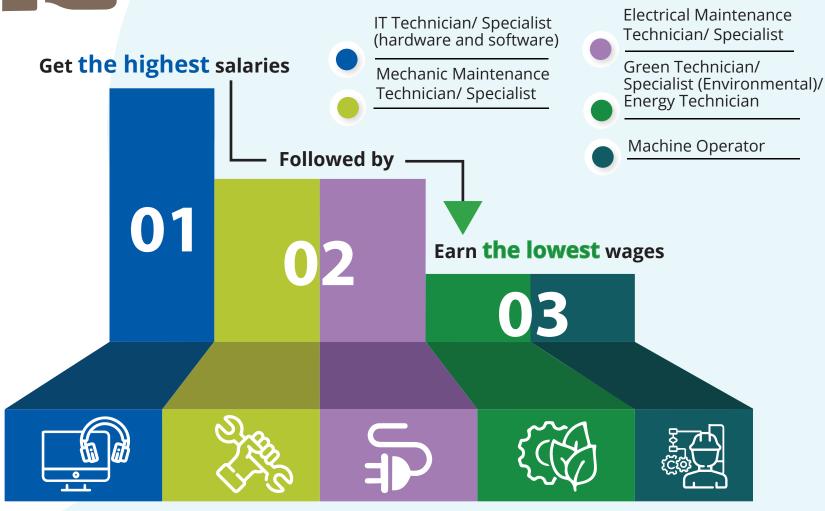








Compensation by technical vocation and sector



The average **entry-level salary** for technicians is almost the same for all sectors which is 3,500 2,200 EGP/month **EGP/month** semi-skilled skilled technical labour technical labour

with the exception of the pharmaceutical sector, which provides relatively higher salaries

Remuneration



The most equal pay is found in



Information and **Communications** Sector

Food and **Beverage** Manufacturing Sector

The greatest gender pay gap is found in

Automotive Manufacturing Sector



Source: Based on surveying 124 companies and recruiting agencies in 5 governorates in Egypt











Recommendations

Government

Strengthen

partnerships between private companies and public career centres, practical and tailored training for TVET students, targeted services at government-run employment offices, support for bridging the skills gap in promising sectors.

2

Incentivize

private sector to provide internships to women technicians through tax deductions and subsidies.

L'

Provide &tackle

public awareness, measures to ensure safe public transportation for women, assumptions and stereotypes within companies, women's unpaid care, elderly care, and childcare within companies or publicly run.

Private Sector (



sponsored transportation,
women-friendly workplaces,
flexible working hours, maternity and
paternity leave, childcare services or
allowances, awareness to address
cultural constraints, on-site training,
women's leadership.

2

Establish

clear career progression for women technicians, pool of women mentors and role models, engagement channels with male champions, pipeline of women supervisors and managers.



Encourage

women technicians to apply for technical jobs, using gender-sensitive job descriptions and advertisements.



Strengthen

HR procedures for greater inclusion in recruitment and retention policies.

Employment Service-Providers

Improve & establish

network with employment platforms and government stakeholders, network between companies and women jobseekers. 2

Introduce

career counselling and coaching services for women graduates.



Organize & set up

job fairs for women technicians, specialized mobile employment fairs.









